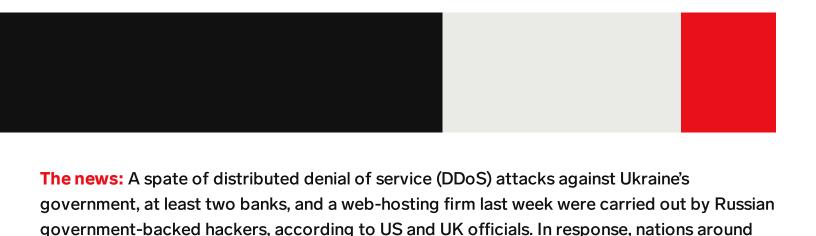


Alarm bells ring over Russia DDoS attack on Ukraine

Article







the world rushed to shore up their own cybersecurity.

More on this: Days before Russian troops began entering Ukraine's eastern Donbas region, triggering <u>sanctions</u>, <u>cyberattacks temporarily took down Ukraine's Ministry of Defense website and private sector websites</u>, <u>per</u> ComputerWeekly.

- The attack was deemed the worst of its kind in Ukraine's history and had likely been planned long in advance.
- Despite the large scope of the attack and resulting disruptions in online payments and bank apps, no lasting damage was inflicted.
- Although Russia denied responsibility, US officials moved more quickly than usual to place <u>blame</u> due to the unstable situation and Russia's <u>history</u> of mounting cyberattacks against Ukraine over the past decade.
- In response, **cybersecurity experts from six EU countries are heading to Ukraine to help counter threats**, and the EU issued a list of 14 recommendations for public and private organizations as defensive measures.
- New York state <u>announced</u> added cybersecurity preparations in wake of the attack, with plans for a \$62 million cybersecurity investment.

Why it's worth watching: The cyberattacks are a stark reminder that warfare is no longer limited to physical force but entails network assaults to cripple governments, critical infrastructure, financial services, healthcare, and the energy sector—escalating global volatility.

The **FBI issued a report warning the US private sector to beef up cybersecurity** in preparation for potential war in Eastern Europe, <u>per</u> Newsweek. The agency views defense contractors as primary targets, signaling that the threat extends far beyond Ukraine.

- With the world already dealing with supply chain <u>disruptions</u>, cyberattacks against logistics companies and infrastructure would result in further delays.
- As prices of oil, natural gas, agricultural products, aluminum, and nickel <u>surge</u> due to the specter of war, cyberattacks against these industries are likely to send prices even higher.
- Although Russia might target specific sectors, copycat hackers could take advantage of vulnerabilities to launch broader assaults.





UK and US IT and Business Decision-Makers with Fully Implemented Cybersecurity Strategies, by Sector, Sep 2021

% of respondents

Financial services	60%
IT & technology	58%
Retail	58%
Manufacturing & production	57%
Pharmaceuticals	52%
Telecom	50%
Business & professional services	47%
Oil & gas	45%
Consumer services 21%	
Other	42%
Source: S-RM, "Investing in Cyber Resilience: Spend, Strategy, and Search for Value," conducted by Vanson Bourne, Nov 12, 2021	
271395	InsiderIntelligence.com