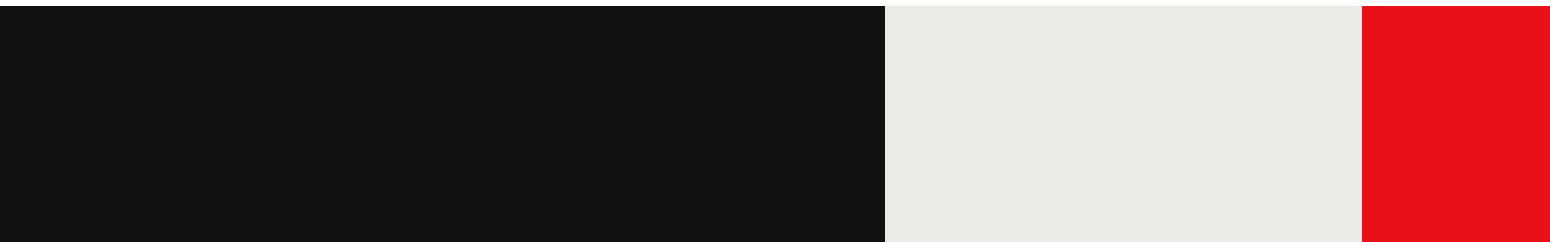



How retailers can mitigate returns

Article



Returns will pass the trillion dollar mark this year, with US [ecommerce](#) returns growth outpacing sales growth, per our forecast. “It’s important for retailers and brands to look at their returns, because those ultimately eat into their margins,” said our analyst Sky Canaves.

- Nearly 1 in 3 US ecommerce dollars goes to returns, per our forecast.
- US retail ecommerce sales grew by 8.1% YoY in 2024, but ecommerce returns volume grew by 21.2%.

“Consumers have started to become very conditioned to engage in certain types of returns behaviors because it’s convenient, it’s easy, [and] it can be free in many cases,” said Canaves.

Generous return policies, once a competitive advantage, have become targets for exploitative behaviors including:

- **Bracketing:** Buying multiple sizes or colors of the same product with the intent to return all but one.
- **Wardrobing:** A form of returns fraud where consumers buy clothing, use it, and then return it.

Consumers promoting these behaviors or "hacks" for returning on social media have worsened ecommerce return issues.

It's not just a consumer behavior issue. Inaccurate product information, inconsistent sizing, and quality issues lead to more returns.

Paying the price

With 3 in 4 US households subscribed to [Amazon](#) Prime, per our forecast, free returns have become an expectation for many consumers. But shoppers realize that is changing.

“More consumers are accepting that certain retailers are going to charge for return shipping,” Canaves said. “The era of easy, free returns is not really feasible for a lot of brands and retailers.”

Consumers are often willing to pay for returns, especially if they view it as paying for a membership or loyalty program that offers returns as a benefit, rather than as a charge specifically for returns.

Preventing returns from the start

The best approach for retailers to avoid losses from returns is to keep consumers satisfied with their first purchase.

“Bracketing is a hassle,” Canaves said. “Consumers would rather not bracket if they didn’t have to because they’re not getting the accurate information about fit, sizing, and other features.”

AI tools can help prevent bracketing by creating detailed product descriptions, enhancing imagery, labeling frequently returned products, and summarizing reviews, Canaves said.

AI and augmented reality tools can visualize products like furniture in a consumer's home; however, consumers have hesitated to use this technology for apparel.

AI tools using "passive data" like previous consumer purchases or existing customer data to assess size are more likely to be adopted, Canaves said.

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