

# Navigating the AI content boom: Risks, investments, and the urgent need for standards

Article

**The news:** AI-generated content could account for as much as 90% of online information by 2026, per a study by [Europol](#).

**Why it's worth watching:** The deluge in synthetically generated AI content will create challenges in curbing disinformation, as well as accelerate opportunities for human-generated content.

- The sudden uptick of AI usage has led to a wave of competition as well as unprecedented investments.
- Pitchbook says **private equity and VC investors bet \$40 billion on AI startups in the first half of 2023.**

Europol's study was released last year, [months before the surge in usage of generative AI tools](#) like **OpenAI's ChatGPT** and **DALL-E**, as well as **Google Bard**, **Midjourney**, and others.

- **NewsGuard** identified more than 400 unreliable websites operating with little to no human oversight.
- News outlet **CNET** published dozens of articles written by AI. The experiment ended in disaster when stories were found to have multiple glaring errors requiring corrections.
- **Baidu's VidPress AI** tool can generate **TikTok**-like 2-minute videos with synthesized voice-overs using data from multiple sources.

**The problem:** The surge in AI-generated content has hindered the standardization of labels to differentiate information created with an AI assist from human-generated content.

- The use of AI to replace content creators has resulted in a monumental backlash including the recent Hollywood writers strike, services like **X** and **Reddit** locking down API access, and **The New York Times** looking to [sue OpenAI over copyright infringement](#).
- Regurgitating and repurposing content created by AI results in "[model collapse](#)," which quickly deteriorates the accuracy of future results.

**The opportunity:** The coming deluge in AI-generated content will put a premium on reliable human-crafted content.

**Our take:** Stricter content guardrails and proper labeling of AI-generated content should come hand in hand with industry adoption of new technologies—a challenge that falls on AI companies, government regulators, and content providers.

**Dive deeper:** For more on how generative AI is changing content, read our report on [ChatGPT and Generative AI in the Creator Economy](#).

**Overall Adoption of AI Tools at Their Company  
According to US Customer Service and Sales  
Professionals, by Company Size, May 2023**

*% of respondents*

	<b>&lt;50</b>	<b>51-100</b>	<b>101-1,000</b>	<b>&gt;1,000</b>
We're very skeptical of AI tools	31%	15%	21%	22%
We'll only use AI tools if it is an industry standard	18%	18%	25%	23%
We're still understanding what types of AI tools exist	34%	43%	30%	32%
We're very aware of AI tools and will consider using them	13%	20%	16%	20%
We're always the first to try new AI tools even if they aren't perfect	5%	4%	8%	4%

*Note: numbers may not add up to 100% due to rounding*

*Source: Dialpad, "2023 Dialpad The State of AI at Work Report," July 26, 2023*

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