At least two out of every three cars sold worldwide will be electric by 2040—we look at the evolving global EV landscape

Article





The news: Global electric vehicle (EV) sales are expected to increase sharply from 3 million units in 2020 to 66 million in 2040, per Bloomberg. EVs would represent two-thirds of passenger vehicle sales by 2040, with Europe and China leading the charge.

EV adoption is expected to surge behind mounting government support and continued carmaker shift to EV and plug-in hybrid vehicles, as well as intensifying pressure to move away from fossil fuels.

EV adoption has spiked: Increased driving range, more body styles, and a wider price range are key factors sparking consumer interest.

In the US, total EV sales in 2021 are up by 119% over 2020.

- Global passenger plug-in electric car <u>sales</u> increased in March by 173% YoY to more than 531,000, the second-highest recorded monthly sales. Tesla propelled most of the EV gains, with US sales rising 78% through June. Carmakers like Ford and Volkswagen also helped move the needle with their recent EV model releases.
- The US has set an aggressive EV sales <u>target</u> of 50% by 2030 with the carmaker's support that half the vehicles sold by the next decade would be EVs, hydrogen-fuel cell, or plug-in hybrid models.
- Car manufacturers like <u>Volvo</u> and <u>Mercedes-Benz</u> pledged to go all-electric within the next decade, and other manufacturers <u>promised</u> to convert some of their segments into all-electric vehicles.
- Lack of EV charging infrastructure in the US is still a huge deterrent to EV adoption, especially in dense city centers and remote rural locations. This could be mitigated by Tesla opening up its charging network to competitors, as well as the \$7.5 billion EV charging investments as part of President Joe Biden's \$1 trillion infrastructure bill.

The takeaway: Cheaper, longer-range EVs in a variety of body styles can propel widespread adoption—but the supporting EV charging infrastructure, as well as tax credits and incentives, may also weigh on consumer's minds as they decide whether to go all-electric in the near future.

Government policies, particularly in the **US**, **Europe**, and **China**, and automaker commitments toward bringing EVs to the mainstream, are all positive signs—but the outlook is not all rosy—lithium <u>shortages</u>, <u>battery scarcity</u>, and the protracted <u>chip shortage</u> will continue to limit EV sales, at least in the short term.



Factors/Features UK Drivers Would Consider Towards Purchasing an Electric Vehicle, Jan 2020

% of respondents

The cars were more affordable
30%
Could travel the same distance as a gas car on a single charge 24%
More public charging points available
23%
Could go further on a single charge
22%
It was free to charge at public charging points
22%
Installing a home charging point was more affordable
20%
The government offered improved subsidies
20%
The charge time was quicker
19%
Gas cars were banned
17%
Free parking in towns and cities
17%
It was cost effective to convert current car to electric car
Battery production was more eco-friendly 13%
1376
Source: Autotrader, "Cars Of The Future," Feb 13, 2020
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